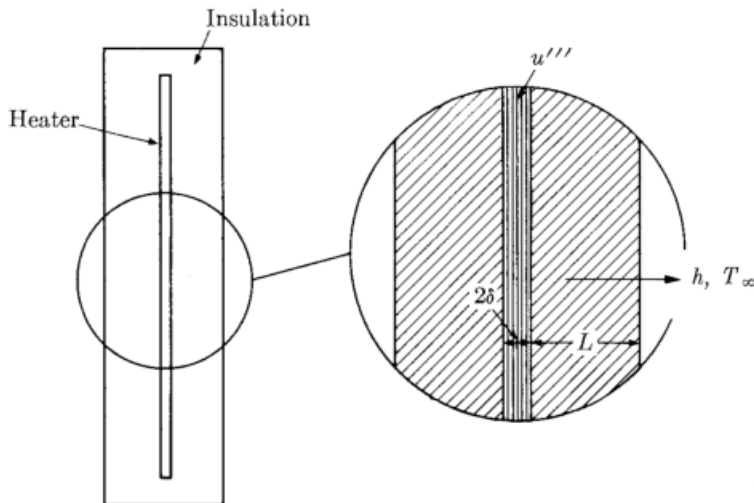


**Cankaya University**  
**Faculty of Engineering**  
**Mechanical Engineering Department**

**HW 3**

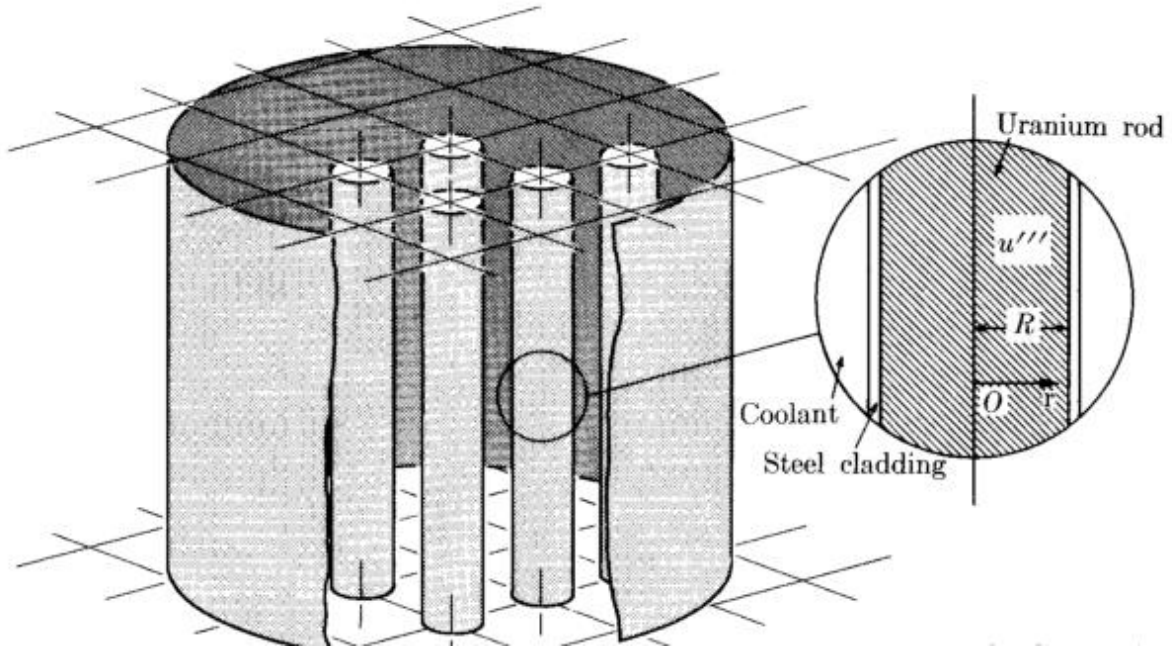
**P-1)** Internal energy is to be generated electrically in a flat metal plate of thickness  $2\delta$  for heating purposes. To obtain low surface temperatures, and for electrical insulation, this plate is covered by an electrical insulator of thickness  $L$  which is also a poor thermal conductor (see figure). The heater is at the ambient temperature  $T_\infty$  initially; then the internal energy  $u'''$  is suddenly generated in the heater. Make a one-dimensional analysis. Do not solve. Just develop differential equation and initial and boundary conditions.



**P-2)** The core of a pool reactor is made of cylindrical fuel elements, each composed of a uranium rod of radius  $R$  and a stainless steel cladding of negligible thickness (see figure). The reactor has the uniform temperature  $T_\infty$  initially; then internal energy is assumed suddenly to be generated in the uranium rods as

$$u'''/u_0''' = 1 - (r/R)^2,$$

where  $u_0'''$  is the internal energy generation at the center line. The temperature of the coolant is held constant at  $T_\infty$ . The heat transfer coefficient is large. Formulate the problem. Just develop the differential equation and state its initial and boundary conditions



**P-3)** A solid sphere of radius  $R$  having the initial temperature  $T_0$  is dropped into boiling water at temperature  $T_\infty$ . Formulate the problem. Just develop the differential equation, initial condition and boundary conditions.  
 Hint: Sphere is suddenly dropped into boiling water.

P-4) Problem 3-29 of Text book, Heat Conduction, Yener and Kakac, 4 th Edition.